Title: The Ancient **Greeks**– Chapter 7 – 1 Guided Notes

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| *Directions: Read Chapter 7 Lesson 1 in your textbook (pg.174 - 182). As you read, fill in the blanks on the guided notes below with the appropriate information available in the text. Highlight/Underline any vocabulary words used in the notes.*  |
|  | **Geography of Greece*** First civilization to develop in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Western Asia
	+ dominated by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and seas
	+ located on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Peninsula
		- A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a body of land with water on three sides
	+ the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sea lies between Greece and Asia Minor
		- part of larger \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sea
* Traded goods and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between islands and along the coastline
	+ many Greeks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for a living
	+ other Greeks settled in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ communities
		- found on fertile plains between coasts and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ inland communities separated by rugged mountains and deep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- Communities of ancient Greece became fiercely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The Minoans: An Island Civilization** * Early Greek civilization developed on the island of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ British archaeologist named Sir Arthur Evans uncovered site called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- legendary palace of King \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ ancient people called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ built palace at Knossos
		- civilization lasted from 2500BC – 1450BC
* Trade important \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ activity for the Minoans
	+ sailed to Egypt and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- traded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and stone cases for ivory and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ ships protected Minoan trade from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Around 1450BC Minoan civilization collapses
	+ caused by undersea \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ people called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invaded Crete

**The Mycenaeans: A Mainland Civilization** * Around 2000BC the Mycenaeans left their homeland and moved to mainland \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ mixed with local people and set up several \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ German Archaeologist named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ discovered ruins of a palace in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- each king lived in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ built on a hill
		- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lived outside the palace where workers and slaves farmed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Mycenaeans adopted features of Minoan culture
	+ built ships and worked with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ worshiped the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the Minoan chief god
	+ conquered Minoans and controlled the Aegean
		- proud of success in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ War
* Civilization declined over time
	+ kingdoms fought one another and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ destroyed palace fortresses
		- by 1100BC Mycenaean Civilization crumbled
	+ group called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invaded and took control of the Greek mainland
	+ Greece enters a Dark Age
		- very little trade, growth, or food
		- people stopped writing
* By 750BC many people return to Greek mainland
	+ bring back new ideas, crafts and skills
	+ people called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or Greeks
	+ Greeks adopted an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Phoenician traders
		- has 24 letters representing different sounds
		- people wrote down tales that had been told by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or story tellers

**Colonies and Trade*** After the Dark Age population increased
	+ not enough food to feed growing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ began sending people outside the Aegean to establish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- settlement in a new territory that has close ties to its homeland
		- many colonies founded along Mediterranean Sea and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sea, spreading Greek culture to new areas
* Colonies traded with their “parent” \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ shipped grains, metals, fish, timber and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in exchange for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, olive oil and pottery from the mainland
	+ Greeks began to make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from metal
		- trade expanded

**The Greek City-State*** Greek city-states made up of a town or city and the surrounding \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ also called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- each like a different country
	+ at the center, city-states had a fort built on a hill called an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- safe place when invaders attacked and built temples to honor the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ open are called an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used as a marketplace
		- gather to trade, debate issues, pass \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and carry out business
* Greek \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were members of a political community with rights and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ male citizens could \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, hold office, own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and defend themselves in court
	+ responsibility to serve in government and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for their polis as citizen-soldiers
	+ only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, land owning men could born in the polis could be citizens
		- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and children were citizens, but had none of the rights that went with it
	+ citizens called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ made up city-state armies
		- heavily armored and fought in row-formation called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Short Answer**1. *What were the ancient Greek’s most important economic activities?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_1. *How did the Greek city-states apply “democracy”? How did they limit democracy?*

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